Research Article

# Monitoring Soil Quality And Fertigation System Using Iot

## S.Kiruthika<sup>1\*</sup>, P.Sakthi<sup>2</sup>, N.Gokul<sup>3</sup>, G. Praveen Kumar<sup>4</sup>, S.Praveenkumar<sup>5</sup>, R.Prem<sup>6</sup>

<sup>1,2</sup>Assistant Professor Department of Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering
<sup>3,4,5,6</sup> UG Scholar, Department of Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering
M.Kumarasamy College of Engineering, Karur - 639113
\*Corresponding Author email id: <u>kiruthikavlsi@gmail.com</u>

Article History: Received: 10 January 2021; Revised: 12 February 2021; Accepted: 27 March 2021; Published online: 20 April 2021

**Abstract** – The SVM based order and reviewing of soil tests utilizing diverse logical highlights. Various calculations and channels are created to gain and handle the hued pictures of the dirt examples. These created calculations are utilized to separate various highlights like tone, surface, and so on diverse soil types like red, dark, dirt, alluvial, and so on are thought of. The grouping utilizes Support Vector Machine, AI method. SVM looks to correct a perfect hyper plane between the classes and uses simply a bit of the readiness tests that lie at the edge of the class transports in feature space (support vectors). This should allow the significance of the most edifying getting ready tests going before the examination. The exactness of a directed order is needy generally on the preparation information utilized. Work now grouping of soil and characterization of harvest for the proper soil is done independently. This venture targets consolidating both the methods, where arrangement of harvest for proper soil is a piece of grouping of soil and manure investigation to the yield. IOT based framework executed and refreshing the yield field condition.

Key Words: Soil Quality, Arduino, LCD Display, Fertigation System, Node MCU

### 1. INTRODUCTION

The Watering fields, developing yields with required manures and so forth are the cultivating exercises associated with customary cultivating. Yield creation primarily relies upon the dirt and properties of plant association. The rancher utilizes this as a significant apparatus. This decides the dirt ripeness for better and prudent yield creation. Soil test assists with choosing the idea of the dirt whether it is corrosive or base and which harvests will give most extreme efficiency [1]. Dependent upon the minerals open in the soil, we can assess the plant speed of enhancements assimilation. There is degradation in the formation of harvests as a result of lacking rate of enhancements. Full scale supplements are the critical essential of the enhancements important for plant improvement. Right use of compost is needed for boost development. Greater use of manure prompts to reduce in gather creation rate.

The physical handling is as yet continued in specific bits of India. This sort of manual arrangement makes the soil condition blunder leaning. So we planned to develop a tool which help us to identify the types of soil so we can able to give necessary amount of nutrients. In this project we mainly focus on keeping the fertility of the soil, so we can able to get good yield from our fields. By providing adequate nutrients and also we can get high productivity. The AI techniques were dependent on learning information portrayals, rather than task-explicit calculations. Learning can be managed, semi-regulated or solo. Distinguishing fire in pictures utilizing picture preparing and PC vision methods has acquired a great deal of consideration from scientists during the previous few years [3]. Undoubtedly, with adequate exactness, such frameworks may outflank customary fire location gear. Quite possibly the most encouraging methods utilized here is convolution 4 Neural Networks (CNNs). Nonetheless, the past research ablaze identification with CNNs has just been assessed on adjusted datasets, which may give deluding data on certifiable execution, where fire is an uncommon occasion.

### 2. DESIGN OF IMAGE PROCESSING SYSTEM

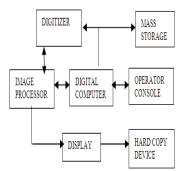


Figure 1: Block diagram of image processing system

The computerized picture getting ready is the use of an advanced PC to handle computerized pictures through estimation. As a subcategory or field of automated sign taking care of, cutting edge picture planning has various advantages over straightforward picture dealing with it allows much more broad extent of computations to be applied to the data and can avoid issues, for instance, the advancement of disturbance and twisting during taking care of. Since pictures are described multiple estimations electronic picture taking care of may be shown as multidimensional frameworks [12]. Image Processing is mainly used here for identifying types of soil using MATLAB.

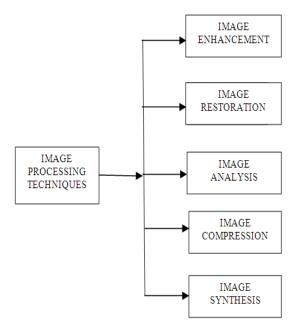


Figure 1: Block diagram of image processing technique

The high level picture taking care of implies getting ready of the image in electronic design. Present day cameras may clearly snap the photo in modernized design anyway generally pictures are started in optical construction. They are gotten by camcorders and digitalized. The digitalization cycle consolidates reviewing, quantization [11]. By then these photos are set up by the fundamental cycles, at any rate any of them, not basically all of them. Picture redesign assignments improve the qualities of an image like improving the image's separation and wonder ascribes, decreasing its upheaval substance, or sharpen the nuances. This basically overhauls the image and uncovers comparative information in more reasonable picture. It doesn't add any information to it [7].

#### 3. MONITORING SOIL QUALITY AND FERTIGATION SYSTEM

In existing framework a model that can anticipate soil arrangement with land type and as indicated by forecast it can recommend appropriate harvests. It makes use AI calculations, for example, weighted K-Nearest Neighbor

(KNN), Bagged Trees, and Gaussian piece based Support Vector Machines (SVM) to characterize the dirt arrangement. The Soil order ways of thinking utilized, follows the presence information and functional conditions. On the land surfaces of earth, order of soil makes a connection between soil tests and different sorts of normal substance [9].

In view of these groupings and the planned information, the appropriate yields were recommended for a specific area. The proposed frameworks identify and portion the dirt kind and fertigation utilizing AI calculation. AI is one of the maturing advances in the field of farming. AI can be utilized to improve the efficiency and nature of the harvests in the horticultural area. It tends to be utilized to discover designs among the horticultural information and order it into more significant information.

This information can be utilized for additional cycles. AI strategies as a rule follow the accompanying strategy, gathering information, preparing the information, preparing testing of information tests. The calculation, for example, SVM can be utilized for order of soil and harvest forecast dependent on past designs followed and the sort of the dirt. The task requires the accompanying datasets: soil dataset with a few substance properties has its highlights and yield dataset with geological ascribes as its element Proposed Algorithm the goal of this examination is to build the exactness of forecast model by utilizing various boundaries for future accuracy farming.



Figure 3: Database of Clay type soil

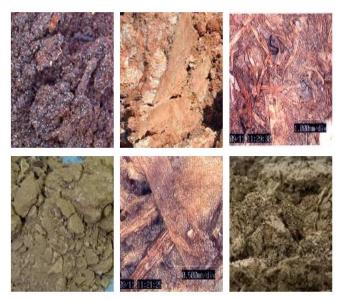
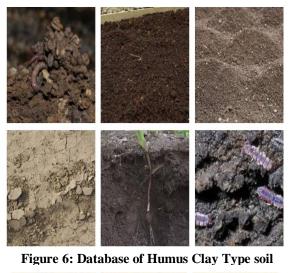


Figure 4: Database of Clayey Peat Type soil



Figure 5: Database of Clayey Sand Type soil





## Figure 7: Database of Silt Sand Type soil

The informational collection has been taken from Food agribusiness association and applied to the preparing model through map diminish. To handle the enormous information, map lessen is utilized to limit the hour of

execution and further arrangement is finished. Highlight choice and extraction are significant strides in arrangement systems. The main component of this framework is microcontroller. The Node MCU with the miniature regulator is utilized for the proposed framework update the dirt type. IOT module is utilized for acknowledgment soil type and updates the condition in worker.

## A. Software Monitoring System

It is an undeniable level language for numerical computation advancement. It moreover gives an instinctive environment to iterative examination, plan and issue solving. It gives gigantic library of mathematical capacities with regards to straight polynomial math, bits of knowledge, Fourier examination, separating, development, mathematical combination and tackling normal disparity environment. It gives instruments to building applications with custom graphical interfaces. It offers abilities to joining MATLAB based computations with outside applications.

Here we are obtaining details of images using image processing. First we upload lots of images of soil into the system, which can be used for identifying the types of soil. Then the image of the soil which is to be found is uploaded into our software. The software compares the image uploaded image with the preloaded data. From the software we can able to find out the type of the soil.

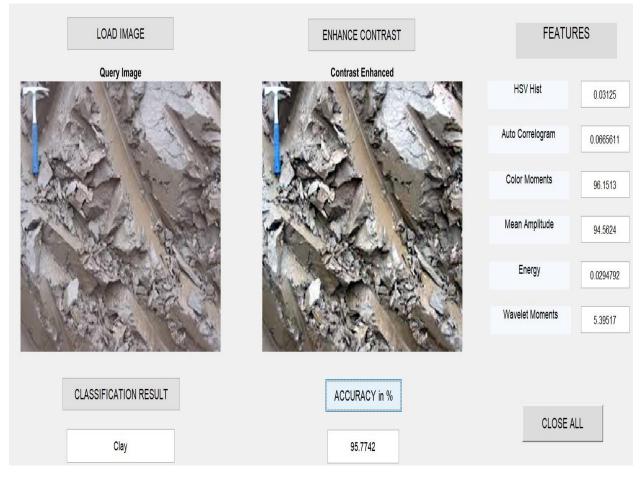
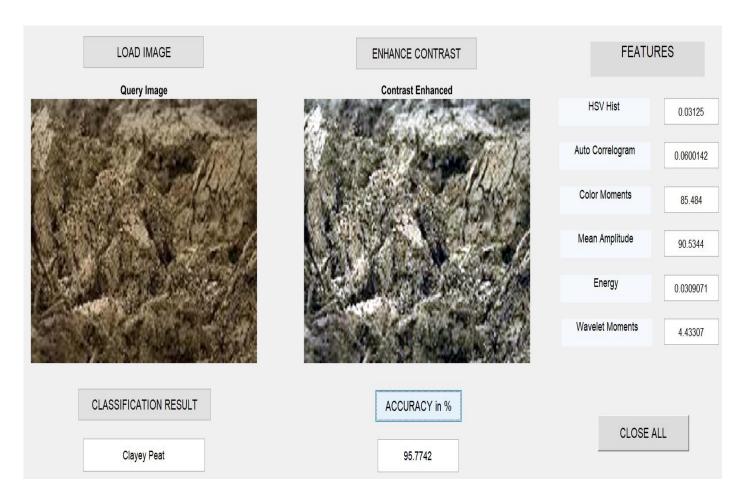
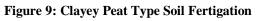


Figure 8: Clay Type Soil Fertigation





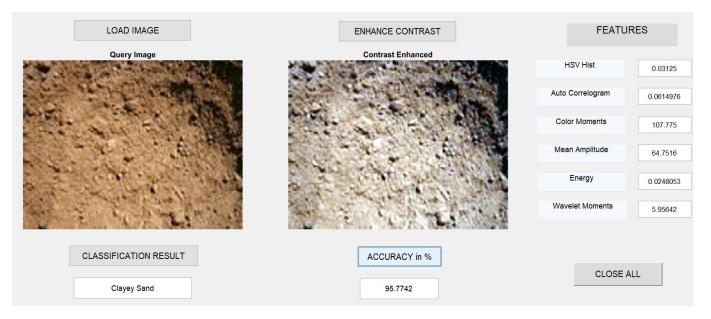


Figure 10: Clayey Sand Type Soil Fertigation

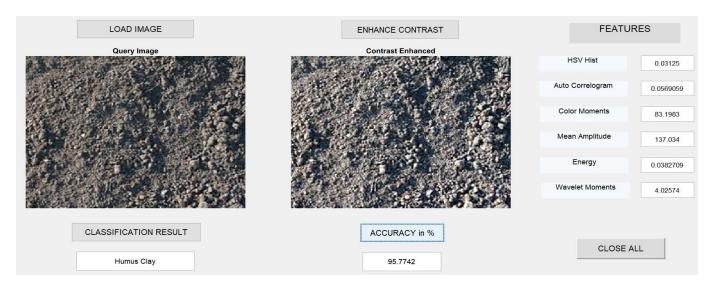


Figure 11: Humus Clay Type Soil Fertigation



Figure 12: Humus Clay Type Soil Fertigation

### **B.** Hardware Monitoring System

Transformers convert AC power beginning with one voltage then onto the following with little loss of power. Transformers work just with AC and this is one motivation behind why mains power is AC. The primary coil is known as the essential and the secondary coil is known as the auxiliary.

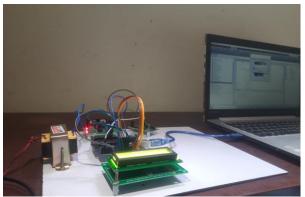


Figure 13: Hardware Interfacing with Software system

The Arduino Uno is a simple to use microcontroller chip functioning in similar to the Microchip ATmega328P microcontroller, developed by Arduino.cc. Arduino Uno provides a set of digital type and analog type input/output pins which are used to interface various expansion boards and some more external circuits. In count, the board has in-built 14 digital type I/O pins, 6 analog type I/O pins, and is programmable with help of Arduino IDE, through a type B USB cable. Power supply to the board can be fed by the USB cable or by an external 9-volt battery supply. Arduino Uno has some common features similar to the Arduino Nano and Leonardo.

A LCD is a level board show which uses light balancing properties of fluid precious stones which are joined with the polarizers. LCD don't emanate light clearly, rather using a setting enlightenment or reflector to make pictures in concealing or monochrome. LCD can be on or off. LCDs are utilized in wide scope of uses like screen of PCs, TV and airplane cockpit show.

Node MCU is mainly used for IoT system which is of low cost. It can be used for many applications. It offers a total and independent Wi fi organizing arrangement, permitting it to either have the application or to offload all networking functions from another application processor.

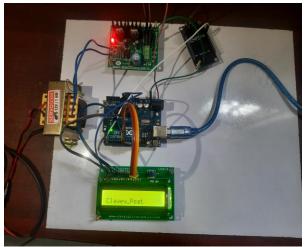


Figure 14: Hardware monitoring system output

### 4. CONCLUSION

It very well may be utilized for fast ID of soil types when they show up in railcars at the terminal soil lifts. Since this characterization procedure doesn't need tedious picture handling schedules like Fourier descriptors, it can promptly be executed utilizing business imaging libraries with Digital Signal Processing (DSP) loads up for continuous tasks. The work completed has pertinence to genuine arrangement of soils and it includes both picture preparing and design acknowledgment methods basic mathematical understandings and gives meager arrangement. The computational intricacy of SVMs doesn't rely upon the dimensionality of the info space and they are less inclined to over fitting. The IOT innovation is carried out for refreshing updated data about the new types of the soil and keeping it updated.

### REFERENCES

- 1. E. O. Ogunti, F. K. Akingbade, S. Adebayo and O. Oladimeji. "Decision Support System Using Mobile Applications in the Provision of Day to Day Information about Farm Status to Improve Crop Yield", Periodicals of Engineering and Natural Sciences, Vol. 6, No. 2, 2018, pp. 89 99.
- T.Abirami, S.Palanivel Rajan, "Cataloguing and Diagnosis of WBC'S in Microscopic Blood SMEAR", International Journal of Advanced Science and Technology, P-ISSN: 2005-4238, E-ISSN: 2207-6360, Vol. 28, Issue No. 17, pp. 69-76, 2019.
- 3. C.Vivek, S.Palanivel Rajan, "Z-TCAM : An Efficient Memory Architecture Based TCAM", Asian Journal of Information Technology, ISSN : 1682-3915, Vol. : 15, Issue : 3, pp. 448-454, 2016.
- S.Palanivel Rajan, R.Sukanesh, S.Vijayprasath, "Design and Development of Mobile Based Smart Tele-Health Care System for Remote Patients", European Journal of Scientific Research, ISSN No.: 1450-216X/1450-202X, Vol. No. 70, Issue 1, pp. 148-158, 2012.

- 5. Gondchawar N, Kawitkar RS. IoT Based Smart Agriculture. International Journal of Advanced Research in Computer and Communication Engineering (IJARCCE). 2016 Jun; 5(6)
- S.Palanivel Rajan, V.S. Sivaanika, "Extraction of Lung in Region of Interest Using Image Data Interpretation", International Journal of Advanced Science and Technology, P-ISSN: 2005-4238, E-ISSN: 2207-6360, Vol. No.: 29, Issue No. 4s, pp. 2191 - 2201, 2020.
- 7. IoT Based Farming Recommendation System Using Soil Nutrient and Environmental Condition Detection, IJITEE, Sept 2019.
- S.Palanivel Rajan, T.Dinesh, "Statistical Investigation of EEG Based Abnormal Fatigue Detection Using LabVIEW", International Journal of Applied Engineering Research, ISSN: 0973-4562, Vol. 10, Issue 43, pp.30426-30431, 2015.
- M.Paranthaman, S.Palanivel Rajan, "Design of H Shaped Patch Antenna for Biomedical Devices", International Journal of Recent Technology and Engineering, ISSN: 2277-3878, Vol.: 7, Issue:6S4, pp. 540-542, 2019.
- A.M.Ezhilazhahi1, P.T.Bhuvaneswari. —IoT Enabled Plant Soil Moisture Monitoring Using Wireless Sensor Networks 2017 IEEE 3rd International Conference on Sensing, Signal Processing and Security (ICSSS). 978-1- 5090-4929-5©2017 IEEE.
- S.Palanivel Rajan, "Recognition of Cardiovascular Diseases through Retinal Images Using Optical Cup to Optic Disc Ratio", Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis Journal, E-ISSN No.: 1555-6212, P-ISSN No.: 1054-6618, Vol. No.: 30, Issue : 2, pp. 254–263, 2020.
- M.Paranthaman, S.Palanivel Rajan, "Design of Implantable Antenna for Biomedical Applications", International Journal of Advanced Science and Technology, P-ISSN: 2005-4238, E-ISSN: 2207-6360, Vol. : 28, Issue : 17, pp. 85-90, 2019.
- 13. Dishay Kissoon, Hinouccha Deerpaul, Avinash Mungur. —A Smart Irrigation and Monitoring Systeml. International Journal of Computer Applications (0975 – 8887) Volume 163 – No 8, April 2017.
- S.Palanivel Rajan, C.Vivek, "Analysis and Design of Microstrip Patch Antenna for Radar Communication", Journal of Electrical Engineering & Technology, E-ISSN: 2093-7423, P-ISSN: 1975-0102, Vol.: 14, Issue: 2, DOI: 10.1007/s42835-018-00072-y, pp. 923–929, 2019.
- 15. Shinde M, Ekbote K, Ghorpade S, Pawar S, Mone S. Crop Recommendation and Fertilizer Purchase System. International Journal of Computer Science and Information Technologies. 2016; 7(2):665667.
- S.Palanivel Rajan, K.Sheik Davood, "Performance Evaluation on Automatic Follicles Detection in the Ovary", International Journal of Applied Engineering Research, ISSN : 0973- 4562, Vol. 10, Issue 55, pp. 1-5, 2015.
- 17. Lokesh K, Shakti J, Wilson S, Tharini MS. Automated crop prediction based on efficient soil nutrient estimation using sensor network. National Conference on Product Design (NCPD 2016); 2016.
- S.Palanivel Rajan, et.al., "Intelligent Wireless Mobile Patient Monitoring System", IEEE Digital Library Xplore, ISBN No. 978-1-4244-7769-2, INSPEC Accession Number: 11745297, IEEE Catalog Number: CFP1044K-ART, pp. 540-543, 2010.
- 19. Kiruthika S, Sakthi P, Yuvarani P [2019], Design and power analysis of vedic multiplier, International Journal of Recent Technology and Engineering, Volume-8 Issue-3.
- S.Palanivel Rajan, R.Sukanesh, S.Vijayprasath, "Analysis and Effective Implementation of Mobile Based Tele-Alert System for Enhancing Remote Health-Care Scenario", HealthMED Journal, ISSN : 1840-2291, Vol. : 6, Issue 7, pp. 2370–2377, 2012.
- 21. Baranwal N, Baranwal T. Development of IoT based smart security and monitoring devices for agriculture. IEEE 6th international conference cloud system and Big data Engineering; 2016. p. 14–5.
- S.Palanivel Rajan, M.Paranthaman, "Characterization of Compact and Efficient Patch Antenna with single inset feeding technique for Wireless Applications", Journal of Applied Research and Technology, ISSN: 1665–6423, Vol. 17, Issue 4, pp. 297-301, 2019.
- 23. Kiruthika S, Starbino A.V [2017], Design and analysis of FIR filters using low power multiplier and full adder cells, IEEE International Conference on Electrical, Instrumentation and Communication Engineering
- S.Palanivel Rajan, L.Kavitha, "Automated retinal imaging system for detecting cardiac abnormalities using cup to disc ratio", Indian Journal of Public Health Research & Development, P-ISSN: 0976-0245, E-ISSN: 0976-5506, Vol.: 10, Issue : 2, pp.1019-1024, DOI : 10.5958/0976-5506.2019.00430.3, 2019.
- 25. Sakthi P, Yuvarani P, Kiruthika S [2019], Draft fan control using fuzzy logic in thermal power plant, International Journal of Engineering and Advanced Technology, Volume-8 Issue-6S.
- 26. S.Palanivel Rajan, C.Vivek, "Performance Analysis of Human Brain Stroke Detection System Using Ultra Wide Band Pentagon Antenna", Sylwan Journal, ISSN: 0039-7660, Vol. : 164, Issue : 1, pp. 333–339,

2020.

27. Sakthi P, Kiruthika S [2018], Design of Vedic Multipiers using Compressors for Medical Image Compression Applications, International Journal of Pure and Applied Mathematics, Volume 119, Issue 15, Pages 3315-3320.