Multi model biometrics Recognition using different transforms

Dr.Jenifer Mahilraj^a

Lecturer, Faculty of computing & software Engineering, Arbaminch Institute of Technology, Arbaminch university, Arbaminch, Ethiopia.

Article History: Received: 10 January 2021; Revised: 12 February 2021; Accepted: 27 March 2021; Published online: 16 April 2021

Abstract: To give secure support to biometrics recognition this system deals with multimodal recognition (finger print + Iris recognition) to give efficient performance in the biometrics recognition. The kaggle & MRL eye database is used for the image for both finger print and Iris recognition, 225X225 image size taken into the system and feature extraction made namely edge and color then, combine both the feature together and stored into database. The same procedure applicable for training image as well as testing image. Haar transform, Fourier Transform and Laplace Transform for the feature extraction used and compare the result among the transform result justify the efficiency of the best transform. Now, The testing image load into the system feature extraction made and match with the database for the secure process in multi model biometrics.

Keywords: Haar Transform, Fourier Transform, Laplace Transform, Iris Recognition, Finger print Recognition

1. Introduction

Insecurity level will increase day by day for every present technology in order to support the existing techniques this work mainly focus on the multi model techniques which is used to increase the level of the existing technique with the present technology and this system focus on the combination of fingerprint recognition and iris recognition by extracting the feature with different transforms choose the best transform from those transforms with respect to accuracy, FAR & FRR result will be justified and feature extraction & input image common for both training phase as well as testing phase and the figure 1. Show the basic block diagram of the proposed system[1-3].



Figure 1. Basic block Diagram





Figure 4. Sample Finger & Eye image

2. Materials & Methods

Initial step to train the images for both finger as well as eye image feature will be extracted namely finger & eye image will be feed into the system then, apply the edge detection technique for both the input images and apply the transforms like Haar, Fourier and Laplace Transforms result will be stored into the database. Now, the system is ready for the testing phase and feed the input image of both the finger & eye image to the system and feature will be extracted like edge as well as color and also apply the transforms for the identification of result with respect to the accuracy, FAR, FRR result[4-6].



Figure 5. Edge Detected Images

3. Implementation

The input image size preprocessed into 225X225 into the system for both training as well as testing phase and after feature extracted 3 different transforms applied for the feature extraction purpose with respect to accuracy, FAR & FRR

| Table 1. Comparison of Haar, | Fourier & Laplace Transforms |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
|------------------------------|------------------------------|

| S.No | Transforms | Accuracy | FAR | FRR |
|------|------------|----------|-------|-------|
| | | | | |
| 1 | Haar | 98.5% | 98.5% | 99.27 |
| 2 | Fourier | 98.5% | 98.5% | 98.5% |
| 3 | Laplace | 98.5% | 97.8% | 98.5% |



Figure 6. Graph for Transforms result

For the implementation part totally 137 finger print image from kaggle and 137 eye image from MRL database taken then, feature will be extracted as mentioned above accuracy for the transforms mentioned in the

Table 1. With respect to accuracy, FAR, FRR shown in table among the 3 transforms comparing with other transform Haar transform which gives better result for the multi model biometrics recognition.

4. Conclusion

Combination of both finger as well as iris recognition which leads to the high in security to strengthen the existing system feature extraction made from the input image of both and applicable for training phase & testing phase and apply the transforms from the result itself easily identify that Haar transform produced 98.5% in the aspects of accuracy and high in FAR, FRR. So this particular system recommended the Haar transform for the feature extraction one of the algorithm for the multi model biometrics algorithm.

References

- S. K. Choudhary and A. K. Naik, "Multimodal Biometric Authentication with Secured Templates — A Review," 2019 3rd International Conference on Trends in Electronics and Informatics (ICOEI), Tirunelveli, India, 2019, pp. 1062-1069.
- 2. S.P. Banerjee and D. Woodard, "Biometric Authentication and Identification Using Keystroke Dynamics: A Survey", Journal of Pattern recognition research, vol. 7, pp. 116-139, Jul 2012.
- Kiran Bala B, Enhanced Palm Vein Recognition Algorithm with Equalizer Technique, International Journal of Engineering and Advanced Technology (IJEAT) ISSN: 2249-8958, Volume-8 Issue-5, June 2019.
- 4. Kiran Bala B, Balakumar A, 'The Combination of Steganography and Cryptography for Medical Image Applications', Biomedical and Pharmacology Journal, Volume 10, Issue 4, Year 2017.
- 5. Kiran Bala B, Infant Raj I, 'Comparative and identification of exact frequency domain approaches by using mammogram images', 2017 IEEE International Conference on Power, Control, Signals and Instrumentation Engineering (ICPCSI), Publisher: IEEE, Year 2018.
- 6. Kiran Bala B, Audithan S, Kannan G, Raja, K, 'Frequency Domain Approaches For Breast Cancer Diagnosis', Australian Journal of Basic and Applied Sciences, Vol. 10, No. 2, pp. 93-96, 2016.